CITY OF UNDERWOOD

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SUPPLEMENTARY AND OTHER INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS

JUNE 30, 2020

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CITY OF UNDERWOOD

OFFICIALS

Name	<u>Title</u>	Term Expires
Dennis Bardsley	Mayor	January 2022
Robert Dose	Mayor Pro-Term	January 2024
Ashleigh Robinson Josh Madsen Jim Pingel JW Tiarks Royce Forbush	Council Member Council Member Council Member Council Member Council Member	Resigned August 2020 January 2024 January 2022 January 2022 January 2022
Cindy Sorlien	City Clerk/Administrator	Indefinite
Andrea Raes	City Treasurer	Appointed yearly
Matthew Woods	City Attorney	Indefinite



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Certified Public Accountant

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Licensed in: Iowa Kansas February 9, 2021

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council:

Report on the Financial Statements

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Underwood, Iowa, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related Notes to the Financial Statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the cash basis of accounting described in Note 1. This includes determining the cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. This includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

Continued . . .

February 9, 2021 Page Two

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council:

Auditor's Responsibility (Continued)

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, I express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

I believe the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinions.

Opinions

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective cash basis financial position of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Underwood as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in cash basis financial position for the year then ended in accordance with the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Basis of Accounting

As described in Note 1, these financial statements were prepared on the basis of cash receipts and disbursements, which is a basis of accounting other than U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. My opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Continued . .

February 9, 2021 Page Three

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council:

Other Matters

Supplementary and Other Information

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Underwood's basic financial statements. I previously audited, in accordance with the standards referred to in the third paragraph of this report, the financial statements for the nine years ended June 30, 2019 (which are not presented herein) and expressed unmodified opinions on those financial statements which were prepared on the basis of cash receipts and disbursements. The supplementary information included in Schedules 1 through 4 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards. In my opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other information, Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Budgetary Comparison Information, the Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and the Schedule of City Contributions on pages 8 through 13, and 39 through 45, has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Continued . .

February 9, 2021 Page Four

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council:

Other Reporting Required by Governmental Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, I have also issued my report dated February 9, 2021 on my consideration of the City of Underwood's internal control over financial reporting and my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the City of Underwood's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

procedonas & associate, P.C.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The City of Underwood provides this Management's Discussion and Analysis of its financial statements. This narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities is for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. We encourage readers to consider this information in conjunction with the City's financial statements, which follow.

2020 FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Receipts of the City's governmental activities increased 71.21%, or approximately \$705,100 from fiscal year 2019 to fiscal year 2020. The increase was primarily due to increased note proceeds.

Disbursements of the City's governmental activities increased 76.9%, or approximately \$650,000 in fiscal year 2020 from fiscal year 2019. Capital projects, community and economic development, and public works increased approximately \$629,400, \$96,000, and \$51,000, respectively.

The City's total cash basis net position increased approximately \$159,100, from June 30, 2019 to June 30, 2020. Of this amount, the cash basis net position of the governmental activities increased approximately \$165,300 and the cash basis net position of the business type activities decreased approximately \$6,000.

USING THIS REPORT

The annual report consists of a series of financial statements and other information, as follows:

Management's Discussion and Analysis introduces the basic financial statements and provides an analytical overview of the City's financial activities.

The Government-wide Financial Statement consists of a Cash Basis Statement of Activities and Net Position. This statement provides information about the activities of the City as a whole and presents an overall view of the City's finances.

The Fund Financial Statements tell how governmental services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statement by providing information about the most significant funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements provide additional information essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the basic financial statements.

Other information further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the City's budget for the year and the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability and related contributions.

Supplementary Information provides detailed information about the non-major governmental funds and the City's indebtedness.

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The City maintains its financial records on the basis of cash receipts and disbursements and the financial statements of the City are prepared on that basis. The cash basis of accounting does not give effect to accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued items. Accordingly, the financial statements do not present financial position and results of operations of the funds in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Therefore, when reviewing the financial information and discussion within this annual report, readers should keep in mind the limitations resulting from the use of the cash basis of accounting.

REPORTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES

Government-wide Financial Statement

One of the most important questions asked about the City's finances is, "Is the City as a whole better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Activities and Net Position reports information which helps answer this question.

The Cash Basis Statement of Activities and Net Position presents the City's net position. Over time increases or decreases in the City's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The Cash Basis Statement of Activities and Net Position is divided into two kinds of activities:

Governmental Activities include public safety, public works, health and social services, culture and recreation, community and economic development, general government, debt service and capital projects. Property tax and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.

Business Type Activities include the sanitary sewer system and garbage collection. These activities are financed primarily by user charges.

Fund Financial Statements

The City has two kinds of funds:

1) Governmental funds account for most of the City's basic services. These focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances at year-end that are available for spending. The governmental funds include: 1) the General Fund, 2) the Special Revenue Funds, such as the Road Use Tax and Urban Renewal Tax Increment, 3) the Debt Service Fund, and 4) the Capital Projects Funds. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed, short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs.

The required financial statement for governmental funds is a Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Cash Balances.

2) Proprietary funds account for the City's Enterprise Funds. Enterprise Funds are used to report business type activities. The City maintains two Enterprise Funds to provide separate information for the Sewer and Garbage Funds. The Sewer Fund is considered a major fund of the City.

The required financial statement for proprietary funds is a Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Cash Balances.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of financial position. The City's cash balance for governmental activities increased from a year ago, increasing from approximately \$2.1 million to approximately \$2.2 million. The analysis that follows focuses on the changes in cash basis net position of governmental activities.

		Year Ended June 30, 2020		Year Ended June 30, 2019
Receipts:	_			
Program receipts:				
Charges for services	\$	51,951	\$	54,577
Operating grants, contributions				
and restricted interest		275,436		224,968
Capital grants, contributions				
and restricted interest		-0-		-0-
General receipts:				
Property tax		472,760		453,829
Tax increment financing		107,831		94,470
Local option sales tax		139,359		126,621
Hotel motel tax		3,671		4,073
Miscellaneous receipts		9,633		26,542
Note proceeds		634,699		5,150
Total receipts		1,695,340		990,230
Disbursements:				•
Public safety		89,781		117,798
Public works		183,631		132,330
Culture and recreation		51,114		42,564
Community and economic development		170,965		75,266
General government		162,096		144,939
Debt service		208,213		332,310
Capital projects		629,384		-0-
Total disbursements		1,495,184	_	845,207
Change in cash basis net position before transfers		200,156		145,023
Transfers, net		(34,840)	-	(48,755)
Change in cash basis net position		165,316		96,268
Cash basis net position, beginning of year		2,103,794	-	2,007,526
Cash basis net position, end of year	\$	2,269,110	\$	2,103,794

The City's total receipts for governmental activities increased 71.21%, or approximately \$705,100. The total cost of all programs and services increased approximately \$649,977 or 76.9%, with no new programs added this year. The significant increase in receipts was primarily the result of proceeds received from the issuance of notes.

The City increased property taxes for fiscal year 2020 an average of 2.18%. This increase raised the City's property tax receipts approximately \$18,900 in fiscal year 2020. Based on valuations remaining steady, property tax receipts are budgeted to remain the same for next year.

The cost of all governmental activities this year was approximately \$1,495,000 compared to approximately \$845,200 last year. However, as shown in the Statement of Activities and Net Position on pages 15 and 16, the amount taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities was \$1,167,794 because some of the cost was paid by those directly benefiting from the programs (\$51,951) or by other governments and organizations which subsidized certain programs with grants, contributions and restricted interest (\$275,436). The City paid for the remaining "public benefit" portion of governmental activities with property tax (some of which could only be used for certain programs) and with other receipts, such as interest, local option sales tax and miscellaneous receipts. Overall, the City's governmental activities program receipts, including intergovernmental aid and fees for service, increased in fiscal year 2020 from approximately \$279,500 to \$327,400, primarily due to increases in operating grants, contributions, and restricted interest.

Changes in Cash Basis Net Position	n of Bus	iness Type Activ	ities	
		Year Ended June 30,	Year Ended June 30,	
		2020	2019	
Receipts:				
Program receipts:				
Charges for services and sales:				
Sewer	\$	179,685	.\$	167,236
Garbage	•	51,086	•	52,892
Operating grants, contributions				•
and restricted interest		-0-		-0-
Capital grants, contributions				
and restricted interest		-0-		-0-
General receipts:				
Miscellaneous		-0-		-0-
Restricted interest		-0-		-0-
Note proceeds	_	-0-	_	
Total receipts		230,771		220,128
Disbursements:				
Sewer		224,312		280,455
Garbage	_	47,515	_	53,140
Total disbursements		271,827	-	333,595
Change in cash basis net position before transfers		(41,056)		(113,467)
Transfers, net		34,840		48,755
Change in cash basis net position	•	(6,216)	-	(64,712)
Cash basis net position, beginning of year		501,646		566,358
Cash basis net position, end of year	\$.	495,430	\$	501,646

Total business type activities receipts for the fiscal year were approximately \$230,800 compared to approximately \$220,100 last year. Disbursements decreased approximately \$62,000 due to major sewer lift station repairs in the prior year. The cash basis net position decreased approximately \$6,000 from the prior year, or 1%.

INDIVIDUAL MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND ANALYSIS

As the City of Underwood completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$2,269,110, an increase of \$165,316 from last year's total of \$2,103,794. The following are the major reasons for the changes in fund balances of the major funds from the prior year.

The General Fund cash balance increased \$124,213 from the prior year to \$1,270,372 at year end. General Fund receipts decreased approximately \$6,300 and disbursements increased approximately \$14,900.

The Special Revenue, Road Use Tax Fund cash balance increased by \$48,077 to \$635,178. \$104,519 of local option sales tax was receipted into the Road Use Tax Fund this fiscal year and this money will be used to maintain and upgrade City streets.

The Special Revenue Fund, Urban Renewal Tax Increment Fund was established to account for the Fieldcrest Addition, the Eagle Landing Subdivision, the finance agreement with Links Snacks, Inc. and the City's housing assistance program. The fund's cash balance decreased by \$35,651 to \$253,052 at year end.

The Special Revenue, Local Option Sales Tax Fund, receipted \$139,358 in local option tax and transferred 75% to the Road Use Tax Fund and 25% to the Sewer Fund.

The Debt Service Fund cash balance increased by \$21,433 from the prior year to \$27,188. Principal and interest payments were \$208,213, tax receipts were \$71,853, transfers from capital projects, general, and the road use tax fund were \$70,612, \$55,898, and \$31,284, respectively.

INDIVIDUAL MAJOR BUSINESS TYPE FUND ANALYSIS

The Enterprise Fund, Sewer Fund cash balance decreased by \$9,787 to \$440,699 from the prior year. Overall, Sewer Fund receipts increased approximately \$12,450 primarily due to a rate increase. Disbursements decreased by \$56,143.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Over the course of the year, the City amended the budget once. The City's receipts were approximately \$392,000 less than budgeted primarily due to receiving less intergovernmental receipts than anticipated.

The City's disbursements were approximately \$954,553 less than amounts budgeted. For the year ended June 30, 2020, disbursements exceeded the budget in the debt service function.

DEBT ADMINISTRATION

At June 30, 2020, the City had \$1,131,611 in bonds and notes outstanding, compared to \$695,781 last year, a 63% increase, as shown below.

Outstanding Debt at Year-End										
	-	Year Ended June 30, 2020		Year Ended June 30, 2019						
General obligation notes	\$	950,675	\$	500,845						
Sewer revenue notes		180,936		194,936						
Total	\$	1,131,611	\$	695,781						

Outstanding principal was reduced by \$196,025. Interest costs for the fiscal year were \$28,561.

The Constitution of the State of Iowa limits the amount of general obligation debt cities can issue to 5% of the assessed value of all taxable property within the City's corporate limits. The City's outstanding general obligation debt of \$950,675 is below its constitutional debt limit of approximately \$3.0 million.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

The City of Underwood's elected and appointed officials and citizens considered many factors when setting the fiscal year 2021 budget, tax rates and fees charged for various City activities. One of those factors is the economy. As a bedroom community of a major metropolitan area, housing continues to move as new families take up residence in the Community.

These factors were taken into account when adopting the budget for fiscal year 2021. The mill levy increased \$0.04833 from \$12.81018 to \$12.85851. Disbursements are expected to increase approximately \$478,000. Receipts are expected to increase by approximately \$482,000.

If these estimates are realized, the City's budgeted cash balance is expected to decrease approximately \$321,900 by the end of fiscal year 2021.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Cindy Sorlien, City Clerk/Administrator, or Mayor Dennis Bardsley, at 241 3rd Street, Underwood, Iowa 51576.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF UNDERWOOD

CASH BASIS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND NET POSITION

AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

			Program Receipts				
					Operating Grants,		Capital
							Grants,
			Chausas for		Contributions		Contributions
	Disbursements		Charges for Services		and Restricted Interest		and Restricted Interest
Functions / Programs:	Disoursements	•	Borvices		Interest		Hitticst
Governmental activities:							
Public safety	\$ 89,781	\$	46,050	\$	106,347	\$	-0-
Public works	183,632		-0-		162,743		-0-
Cultures and recreation	51,114		1,650		-0-		-0-
Community and economic development	170,964		-0-		59		-0-
General government	162,093		4,251		6,287		-0-
Debt service	208,213		-0-		-0-		-0-
Capital Projects	629,384	_	-0-		-0-		-0-
Total governmental activities	1,495,181		51,951		275,436		-0-
Business type activities:							
Sewer	224,312		179,685		-0-		-0-
Garbage	47,515		51,086		-0-		-0-
Total business type activities	271,827		230,771		-0-		-0-
Total	\$ 1,767,008	\$	282,722	\$	275,436	\$	-0-

Property taxes levied for:

General purposes

Debt service

Tax increment financing

Local option sales tax

Hotel motel tax

Miscellaneous

Bond proceeds

Transfers

Total general receipts and transfers

Change in cash basis net assets

Cash basis net assets, beginning of year

Cash basis net assets, end of year

Cash basis net position

Restricted:

Expendable:

Urban renewal

Debt service

Streets

Other purposes

Unrestricted

Total cash basis net position

_	Net (Disbursement	s),	Receipts and Chan	iges i	n Net Position
~	Governmental Activities	_	Business Type Activities	-	Total
\$	62,616	\$	-0-	\$	62,616
Ψ	(20,889)	Ψ	-0-	•	(20,889)
	(49,464)		-0-		(49,464)
	(170,905)		-0-		(170,905)
	(151,555)		-0-		(151,555)
	(208,213)		-0-		(208,213)
	(629,384)		-0-		(629,384)
-	(1,167,794)		-0-	•	(1,167,794)
	-0-		(44,627)		(44,627)
	-0-		3,571		3,571
	-0-		(41,056)		(41,056)
	(1,167,794)		(41,056)		(1,208,850)
	400,907		-0-		400,907
	71,853		-0-		71,853
	107,831		-0-		107,831
	139,358		-0-		139,358
	3,671		-0-		3,671
	9,633		-0-		9,633
	634,697		-0-		634,697
	(34,840)		34,840	_	-0-
	1,333,110		34,840	-	1,367,950
	165,316		(6,216)		159,100
	2,103,794	-	501,646	_	2,605,440
\$	2,269,110	\$	495,430	\$	2,764,540
\$	253,052	9		\$	253,052
•	27,188		-0-		27,188
	635,178		-0-		635,178
	83,320		-0-		83,320
	1,270,372	_	495,430		1,765,802
\$	2,269,110	_ 5	495,430	_ \$	2,764,540

See notes to financial statements.

CITY OF UNDERWOOD

STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN CASH BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Specia				ıl Revenue		
				Road		Urban Renewal	
				Use		Tax	
		General		Tax		Increment	
Receipts:	-						
Property tax	\$	328,142	\$	-0-	\$	-0-	
Tax increment financing		-0-		-0-		107,831	
Other city tax		6,259		-0-		-0-	
Licenses and permits		21,515		-0-		-0-	
Use of money and property		6,830		-0-		59	
Intergovernmental		105,804		117,870		-0-	
Charges for services		27,849		-0-		-0-	
Miscellaneous	_	9,633	_	-0-	_	-0-	
Total receipts		506,032		117,870		107,890	
Disbursements:							
Operating:							
Public safety		68,221		273		-0-	
Public works		32,253		142,755		-0-	
Culture and recreation		43,292		-0-		-0-	
Community and economic development		27,416		-0-		143,541	
General government		154,739		-0-		-0-	
Debt service		-0-		-0-		-0-	
Capital projects	_	-0-		-0-		-0-	
Total disbursements	_	325,921		143,028	-	143,541	
Excess (deficiency) of receipts							
over (under) disbursements		180,111		(25,158)		(35,651)	
		•				. , ,	
Other financing sources (uses):							
Debt proceeds		-0-		-0-		-0-	
Operating transfers in		-0-		104,519		-0-	
Operating transfers out	_	(55,898)		(31,284)	_	-0-	
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	(55,898)	_	73,235		-0-	
Net change in cash balances		124,213		48,077		(35,651)	
Cash balances, beginning of year		1,146,159		587,101		288,703	
Cash bataness, beginning of your	-	1,140,133	_	387,101	-	288,703	
Cash balances, end of year	\$ _	1,270,372	\$ _	635,178	\$_	253,052	
Cash Basis Fund Balances							
Restricted for:							
Urban renewal purposes	\$	-0-	\$	-0-	\$	253,052	
Debt Service		-0-		-0-		-0-	
Streets		-0-		635,178		-0-	
Other purposes		-0-		-0-		-0-	
Unassigned	, -	1,270,372		-0-	-	-0-	
Total cash basis fund balances	\$ _	1,270,372	\$ _	635,178	\$_	253,052	

	Local Option Sales Tax		Debt Service		Other Non-major Governmental Funds		Total
\$	-0-	\$	71,853	\$	72,764	\$	472,759
Ψ	-0-	Ψ	-0-	Ψ	-0-	•	107,831
	139,358		-0-		-0-		145,617
	-0-		-0-		-0-		21,515
	-0-		-0-		-0-		6,889
	-0-		-0-		44,874		268,548
	-0-		-0-		-0-		27,849
	-0-		-0-		-0-		9,633
_	139,358		71,853		117,638		1,060,641
	-0-		-0-		21,287		89,781
	-0-		-0-		8,623		183,631
	-0-		-0-		7,822		51,114
	-0-		-0-		8		170,965
	-0-		-0-		7,357		162,096
	-0-		208,213		-0-		208,213
	-0-		-0-		629,384		629,384
	-0-	_	208,213		674,481	_	1,495,184
	139,358		(136,360)		(556,843)		(434,543)
	-0-		-0-		634,699		634,699
	-0-		157,793		-0-		262,312
_	(139,358)	_	-0-		(70,612)		(297,152)
-	(139,358)		157,793		564,087		599,859
	-0-		21,433		7,244		165,316
_	-0-		5,755	•	76,076		2,103,794
\$ _	-0-	\$ =	27,188	\$	83,320	\$	2,269,110
\$	-0-	\$	-0-	\$	-0-	\$	253,052
*	-0-	•	27,188		-0-		27,188
	-0-		-0-		-0-		635,178
	-0-		-0-		83,320		83,320
_	-0-		-0-	_	-0-	_	1,270,372
\$	-0-	\$	27,188	\$	83,320	\$	2,269,110

See notes to financial statements.

CITY OF UNDERWOOD

STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN CASH BALANCES PROPRIETARY FUNDS

AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		Enterprise Funds					
	_	Sewer		Garbage	Total		
Operating receipts: Charges for services Miscellaneous	\$	179,592 70	\$	51,086 \$ -0-	230,678 70		
Total receipts	-	179,662		51,086	230,748		
Operating disbursements:		101 (21		A77 515	220 146		
Business type activities Total disbursements	-	181,631 181,631	_	47,515 47,515	229,146 229,146		
Operating income (loss)		(1,969)		3,571	1,602		
Non-operating receipts (disbursements):		22		0	23		
Interest		23		-0- -0-	(17,899)		
Debt service		(17,899) (24,782)		-0-	(24,782)		
Capital Project Total non-operating receipts (disbursements)		(42,658)	_	-0-	(42,658)		
Excess (deficiency) of receipts over disbursements		(44,627)		3,571	(41,056)		
Other financing sources (uses):					(
Operating transfer in		65,978		-0-	65,978		
Operating transfer out		(31,138)	-	-0-	(31,138)		
Other financing sources (uses)		34,840	-	-U-	34,640		
Net change in cash balance		(9,787)		3,571	(6,216)		
Cash balances, beginning of year		450,486		51,160	501,646		
Cash balances, end of year	\$	440,699	\$ _	54,731	495,430		
Cash Basis Fund Balances							
Restricted Unrestricted	\$	440,699	\$	54,731	\$ 495,430		
Total cash basis fund balances	\$	440,699	- \$ -	54,731	495,430		
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See notes to financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The City of Underwood is a political subdivision of the State of Iowa and located in Pottawattamie County. It was first incorporated in 1902 and operates under the Home Rule provisions of the Constitution of Iowa. The City operates under the Mayor-Council form of government with the Mayor and Council Members elected on a non-partisan basis. The City provides numerous services to citizens including public safety, public works, culture and recreation, community and economic development, and general government services. The City also provides sewer and garbage utilities for its citizens.

A. Reporting Entity

For financial reporting purposes, the City of Underwood has included all funds, organizations, agencies, boards, commissions and authorities. The City has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable, and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the City are such that exclusion would cause the City's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and (1) the ability of the City to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific financial burdens on the City. The City has no component units which meet the Governmental Accounting Standards Broad criteria.

Jointly Governed Organizations

The City participates in several jointly governed organizations that provide goods or services to the citizenry of the City but do not meet the criteria of a joint venture since there is no ongoing financial interest or responsibility by the participating governments. City officials are members of the following board and commissions: Pottawattamie County Assessor's Conference Board, City Assessor's Conference Board and Pottawattamie County Emergency Management Commission.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements - The Cash Basis Statement of Activities and Net Position reports information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the City. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from this statement. Governmental activities, which are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for services.

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B. Basis of Presentation - Continued

The Cash Basis Statement of Activities and Net Position presents the City's non-fiduciary net position. Net position is reported in the following categories:

Nonexpendable restricted net position is subject to externally imposed stipulations which require the cash balance to be maintained permanently by the City, including the City's Permanent Fund.

Expendable restricted net position results when constraints placed on the use of cash balances are either externally imposed or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net position consists of cash balances not meeting the definition of the preceding categories. Unrestricted net position is often subject to constraints imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Cash Basis Statement of Activities and Net Position demonstrates the degree to which the direct disbursements of a given function are offset by program receipts. Direct disbursements are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program receipts include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest on investments restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property tax and other items not properly included among program receipts are reported instead as general receipts.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor governmental funds.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. All general tax receipts and other receipts not allocated by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. From the fund are paid the general operating disbursements, the fixed charges and the capital improvement costs that are not paid from other funds.

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B. Basis of Presentation - Continued

Special Revenue:

The Road Use Tax Fund is used to account for the road use tax allocation from the State of Iowa to be used for road construction and maintenance.

The Urban Renewal Tax Increment Fund is used to account for tax increment financing collections and the repayment of tax increment financing indebtedness.

The Local Option Sales Tax Fund is used to account for local option sales taxes which are transferred 25% to the Sewer Fund and 75% to the Road Use Tax Fund.

The Debt Service Fund is utilized to account for property tax and other receipts to be used for the payment of interest and principal on the City's general long-term debt.

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for all resources used in the acquisition and construction of capital facilities with the exception of those financed through Enterprise Funds.

The City reports the following major proprietary fund:

The Sewer Fund accounts for the operation and maintenance of the City's sanitary sewer system.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The City maintains its financial records on the basis of cash receipts and disbursements and the financial statements of the City are prepared on that basis. The cash basis of accounting does not give effect to accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued items. Accordingly, the financial statements do not present financial position and results of operations of the funds in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the City funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants and general receipts. Thus, when program disbursements are paid, there are both restricted and unrestricted cash basis net position available to finance the program. It is the City's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants and then by general receipts.

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

When a disbursement in governmental funds can be paid using either restricted or unrestricted resources, the City's policy is generally to first apply the disbursement toward restricted fund balance and then to less-restrictive classifications - committed, assigned and then unassigned fund balances.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating receipts and disbursements from nonoperating items. Operating receipts and disbursements generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. All receipts and disbursements not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating receipts and disbursements.

D. Property Taxes and Governmental Cash Basis Fund Balances

The following accounting policies are followed in preparing the financial statements:

Property tax revenues recognized in these funds become due and collectible in September and March of the current fiscal year with a 1.5% per month penalty for delinquent payments; is based on January 1, 2018 assessed property valuations; is for the tax accrual period July 1, 2019 though June 30, 2020 and reflects tax asking contained in the budget certified to the City Council in March 2019.

In the governmental fund financial statements, cash basis fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable - Amounts which cannot be spent because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

<u>Restricted</u> - Amounts restricted to specific purposes when constraints placed on the use of the resources are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors or state or federal laws or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Assigned - Amounts the City Council intends to use for specific purposes.

Unassigned - All amounts not included in the preceding classifications.

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

E. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The budgetary comparison and related disclosures are reported as Other Information. During the year ended June 30, 2020, disbursements exceeded amounts budgeted in the debt service function.

(2) Cash and Pooled Investments

The City's deposits in banks at June 30, 2020, were covered entirely by federal depository insurance or by the State Sinking Fund in accordance with Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa. This chapter provides for additional assessments against the depositories to ensure there will be no loss of public funds.

The City is authorized by statute to invest public funds in obligations of the United States government, its agencies and instrumentalities; certificates of deposit or other evidences of deposit at federally insured depository institutions approved by the City Council; prime eligible bankers acceptances; certain high rated commercial paper; perfected repurchase agreements; certain registered open-end management investment companies; certain joint investment trusts; and warrants or improvement certificates of a drainage district.

The City's cash, which consists of cash on hand, cash in bank, and certificates of deposit, held at two local institutions in the City's name totaled \$2,764,540 as of June 30, 2020.

<u>Interest Rate Risk</u>- The City's investment policy limits the investment of operating funds (funds expected to be expended in the current budget year or within 15 months of receipt) to instruments that mature within 397 days. Funds not identified as operating funds may be invested in investments with maturities longer than 397 days, but the maturities shall be consistent with the needs and use of the City.

(3) Bonds and Notes Payable

Annual debt service requirements to maturity of general obligation bonds and revenue notes are as follows:

Year General Obligation				D	***		Total				
Ending	Bonds and Notes			Revenue Notes							
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Principal			Interest	nterest		_	Interest	
					_						
2021	163,827	24,040		10,936		3,166		174,763		27,206	
2022	117,901	21,133		11,000		2,975		128,901		24,108	
2023	123,947	18,169		11,000		2,783		134,947		20,952	
2024	100,000	15,180		11,000		2,590		111,000		17,770	
2025	100,000	12,690		11,000		2,398		111,000		15,088	
2026	105,000	10,200		12,000		2,205		117,000		12,405	
2027	45,000	7,200		12,000		1,995		57,000		9,195	
2028	45,000	5,850		12,000		1,785		57,000		7,635	
2029	50,000	4,500		12,000		1,575		62,000		6,075	
2030	50,000	3,000		12,000		1,365		62,000		4,365	
2031	50,000	1,500		13,000		1,155		63,000		2,655	
2032	-0-	-0-		13,000		927		13,000		927	
2032	-0-	-0-		13,000		700		13,000		700	
2034	-Õ-	-0-		13,000		473		13,000		473	
2035	-0-	-0-		14,000		245		14,000		245	
2000				1000	•				•		
Total	\$ 950,675	\$ 123,462	\$	180,936	\$	26,337	\$_	1,131,611	\$ _	. 149,799	

General Obligation Street Improvement Note, 2013

On July 9, 2013, the City issued a general obligation street improvement note with a local bank. The \$190,000 note bears interest at 2.82%, requires semi-annual principal and interest installments of \$12,025, and matures June 1, 2023.

General Obligation Corporate Purpose Bonds, Series 2015

On March 31, 2015, the City issued bonds to finance the purchase of a fire truck and the 4th Street Extension project. The \$610,000 bonds bear interest ranging from 2.0% to 2.75%, require semi-annual installments of interest and annual installments of principal of approximately \$64,213, and mature June 1, 2026.

General Obligation Corporate Purpose Loan Agreement

On June 17, 2019, the City entered into a loan agreement and received an advance of \$5,150 in anticipation of the issuance of \$515,000 of General Obligation Corporate Purpose Bonds, Series 2019, dated July 1, 2019. The \$515,000 bonds bear interest ranging from 2.0% to 3.0%, require semi-annual installments of interest and annual installments of principal of approximately \$47,570.

(3) Bonds and Notes Payable (Continued)

Municipal Line of Credit, Capital Improvements

On November 20, 2013, the City entered into a line of credit of \$200,000 with a local financial institution with a maturity date of November 1, 2016, which was subsequently extended to November 1, 2018. On November 26, 2018, the agreement was amended and changed to be due on demand. The line of credit bears interest of 3.5%, requires monthly payments of all accrued interest and note principal is due on demand. Estimated installments of interest and principal approximate \$52,035 based upon the June 30, 2020 note balance.

Sewer Revenue Loan and Disbursement Agreement

In June 2015, the City entered into a Sewer Revenue Loan and Disbursement Agreement in an amount not to exceed \$313,000 to finance one half of the cost of the sanitary sewer lift project. In August 2015, the City qualified for Clean Water State Revolving Fund participation and to date has drew \$247,936 and repaid \$67,000 as of June 30, 2020. The interest rate is 1.75%, requires semi-annual installments of interest and annual installments of principal of approximately \$14,500 and is payable solely from the net receipts of the sanitary sewer utility.

(4) Pension Plan

<u>Plan Description</u> - IPERS membership is mandatory for employees of the City, except for those covered by another retirement system. Employees of the City are provided with pensions through a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan administered by Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System (IPERS). IPERS issues a stand-alone financial report which is available to the public by mail at P.O. Box 9117, Des Moines, Iowa 50306-9117 or at <u>www.ipers.org</u>.

IPERS benefits are established under Iowa Code chapter 97B and the administrative rules thereunder. Chapter 97B and the administrative rules are the official plan documents. The following brief description is provided for general informational purposes only. Refer to the plan documents for more information.

<u>Pension Benefits</u> - A regular member may retire at normal retirement age and receive monthly benefits without an early-retirement reduction. Normal retirement age is age 65, any time after reaching age 62 with 20 or more years of covered employment, or when the member's years of service plus the member's age at the last birthday equals or exceeds 88, whichever comes first. These qualifications must be met on the member's first month of entitlement to benefits. Members cannot begin receiving retirement benefits before age 55. The formula used to calculate a Regular member's monthly IPERS benefit includes:

(4) Pension Plan (Continued)

Pension Benefits (continued)

- A multiplier based on years of service.
- The member's highest five-year average salary, except members with service before June 30, 2012 will use the highest three-year average salary as of that date if it is greater than the highest five-year average salary.

If a member retires before normal retirement age, the member's monthly retirement benefit will be permanently reduced by an early-retirement reduction. The early-retirement reduction is calculated differently for service earned before and after July 1, 2012. For service earned before July 1, 2012, the reduction is 0.25% for each month that the member receives benefits before the member's earliest normal retirement age. For service earned starting July 1, 2012, the reduction is 0.50% for each month that the member receives benefits before age 65.

Generally, once a member selects a benefit option, a monthly benefit is calculated and remains the same for the rest of the member's lifetime. However, to combat the effects of inflation, retirees who began receiving benefits prior to July 1990 receive a guaranteed dividend with their regular November benefit payments.

<u>Disability and Death Benefits</u> - A vested member who is awarded federal Social Security disability or Railroad Retirement disability benefits is eligible to claim IPERS benefits regardless of age. Disability benefits are not reduced for early retirement. If a member dies before retirement, the member's beneficiary will receive a lifetime annuity or lump-sum payment equal to the present actuarial value of the member's accrued benefit or calculated with a set formula, whichever is greater. When a member dies after retirement, death benefits depend on the benefit option the member selected at retirement.

<u>Contribution</u> - Contribution rates are established by IPERS following the annual actuarial valuation which applies IPERS' Contribution Rate Funding Policy and Actuarial Amortization Method. State statute limits the amount rates can increase or decrease each year to 1 percentage point. IPERS' Contribution Rate Funding Policy requires that the actuarial contribution rate be determined using the "entry age normal" actuarial cost method and the actuarial assumptions and methods approved by the IPERS Investment Board. The actuarial contribution rate covers normal cost plus the unfunded actuarial liability payment based on a 30-year amortization period. The payment to amortize the unfunded actuarial liability is determined as a level percentage of payroll based on the Actuarial Amortization Method adopted by the Investment Board.

In fiscal year 2020, pursuant to the required rate, Regular members contributed 6.29% of covered payroll and the City contributed 9.44% of covered payroll, for a total rate of 15.73%.

The City's contributions to IPERS for the year ended June 30, 2020 were \$14,840.

(4) Pension Plan (Continued)

Net Pension Liability, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - At June 30, 2020, the City reported a liability of \$124,847 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the collective net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the collective net pension liability was based on the City's share of contributions to IPERS relative to the contributions of all IPERS participating employers. At June 30, 2019, the City's proportion was 0.002142%, which was an increase of 0.000355% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2018.

For the year ended June 30, 2020 the City's pension expense, deferred outflows and deferred inflows totaled \$22,966, \$19,621, and \$24,460, respectively.

There were no non-employer contributing entities to IPERS.

Actuarial Assumptions - The total pension liability in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, as follows:

Rate of inflation (effective June 30, 2017)

2.6% per annum

Rates of salary increase

3.25% to 16.25% average, including inflation.

(effective June 30, 2017) Long-term investment rate of return 7.00% compounded annually, net of

Rates vary by membership group.

(effective June 30, 2017)

investment expense, including inflation. 3.25% per annum, based on 2.60% inflation

Wage growth

study dated June 28, 2018.

and 0.65% real wage inflation.

(effective June 30, 2017)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an economic assumption study dated March 24, 2017 and a demographic assumption

Mortality rates used in the 2019 valuation were based on the RP-2014 employee and Healthy Annuitant Tables with MP-2017 generational adjustments.

The long-term expected rate of return on IPERS' investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

(4) Pension Plan (Continued)

Asset Class	Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic equity	22.0%	5.60%
International equity	15.0	6.08
Global smart beta equity	3.0	5.82
Core plus fixed income	27.0	1.71
Public credit	3.5	-3.32
Public real assets	7.0	2.81
Cash	1.0	(0.21)
Private equity	11.0	10.13
Private real assets	7.5	4.76
Private credit	3.0	3.01
Total	100.0%	

<u>Discount Rate</u> - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the contractually required rates and that contributions from the City will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, IPERS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on IPERS' investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower (6.00%) or 1 percentage-point higher (8.00%) than the current rate.

	1%	Discount	1%
	Decrease (6.00%)	Rate (7.00%)	Increase (8.00%)
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$221,688	\$124,847	\$43,618

<u>Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u> - Detailed information about IPERS' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued IPERS financial report which is available on IPERS' website at <u>www.ipers.org</u>.

(5) Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

<u>Plan Description</u> - The City operates a single-employer retiree health benefit plan which provides medical/prescription drug benefits for employees, retirees and their spouses. Group insurance benefits are established under Iowa Code Chapter 509A.13. For the year ended June 30, 2020, the City contributed \$26,044 and plan members eligible for benefits contributed \$6,828 to the plan. At June 30, 2020, no assets have been accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

There are 4 active and no retired members in the plan. Participants must be age 55 or older at retirement.

(6) Compensated Absences

City employees accumulate a limited amount of earned but unused vacation time for subsequent use or for payment upon termination, retirement or death. These accumulations are not recognized as disbursements by the City until used or paid. At June 30, 2020, City employees had accumulated 176 earned vacation hours and the City's liability is reported as follows:

	Amount				
Type of Benefit	June 30, 2020				
Vacation	\$ 2,900				

This liability has been computed based upon rates of pay in effect at June 30, 2020.

(7) Interfund Transfers

The detail of interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2020, is as follows:

Transfer to	Transfer from	Amount		
Debt Service	Capital Project - Mosquito Creek	\$	70,612	
Debt Service	General Fund		55,898	
Debt Service	Special Revenue - Road Use		31,284	
Special Revenue - Road Use	Special Revenue - Local Option		104,519	
Enterprise - Sewer	Special Revenue - Local Option		34,839	
Total		\$ -	297,152	

Transfers generally move resources from the fund statutorily required to collect the resources to the fund statutorily required to disburse the resources.

(8) Related Party Transactions

There were no business transactions between the City and City officials during the year ended June 30, 2020

(9) Risk Management

The City is a member in the Iowa Communities Assurance Pool, as allowed by Chapter 670.7 of the Code of Iowa. The Iowa Communities Assurance Pool (Pool) is a local government risk-sharing pool whose 779 members include various governmental entities throughout the State of Iowa. The Pool was formed in August 1986 for the purpose of managing and funding third-party liability claims against its members. The Pool provides coverage and protection in the following categories: general liability, automobile liability, automobile physical damage, public officials liability, police professional liability, property, inland marine, and boiler/machinery. There have been no reductions in insurance coverage from prior years.

Each member's annual casualty contributions to the Pool fund current operations and provide capital. Annual casualty operating contributions are those amounts necessary to fund, on a cash basis, the Pool's general and administrative expenses, claims, claim expenses and reinsurance expenses estimated for the fiscal year, plus all or any portion of any deficiency in capital. Capital contributions are made during the first six years of membership and are maintained at a level determined by the Board not to exceed 300% of basis rate.

The Pool also provides property coverage. Members who elect such coverage make annual operating contributions which are necessary to fund, on a cash basis, the Pool's general and administrative expenses, reinsurance premiums, losses and loss expenses for property risks estimated for the fiscal year, plus all or any portion of any deficiency in capital. Any year-end operating surplus is transferred to capital. Deficiencies in operations are offset by transfers from capital and, if insufficient, by the subsequent year's member contributions.

The City's property and casualty contributions to the risk pool are recorded as disbursements from its operating funds at the time of payment to the risk pool. The City's contributions to the Pool for the year ended June 30, 2020 were \$26,596.

(9) Risk Management (Continued)

The Pool uses reinsurance and excess risk-sharing agreements to reduce its exposure to large losses. The Pool retains general, automobile, police professional, and public officials' liability risks up to \$500,000 per claim. Claims exceeding \$500,000 are reinsured through reinsurance and excess risk-sharing agreements up to the amount of risk-sharing protection provided by the City's risk-sharing certificate. Property and automobile physical damage risks are retained by the Pool up to \$250,000 each occurrence, each location. Property risks exceeding \$250,000 are reinsured through reinsurance and excess risk-sharing agreements up to the amount of risk-sharing protection provided by the City's risk-sharing certificate.

The Pool's intergovernmental contract with its members provides that in the event a casualty claim, property loss or series of claims or losses exceeds the amount of risk-sharing protection provided by the City's risk-sharing certificate, or in the event a casualty claim, property loss or series of claims or losses exhausts the Pool's funds and any excess risk-sharing recoveries, then payment of such claims shall be the obligation of the respective individual member against whom the claim was made or the loss was incurred. As of June 30, 2020, settled claims have not exceeded the risk pool or reinsurance coverage since the Pool's inception.

Members agree to continue membership in the Pool for a period of not less than one full year. After such period, a member who has given 60 days' prior written notice may withdraw from the Pool. Upon withdrawal, payments for all liability claims and claims expenses become the sole responsibility of the withdrawing member, regardless of whether a claim was incurred or reported prior to the member's withdrawal. Upon withdrawal, a formula set forth in the Pool's intergovernmental contract with its members is applied to determine the amount (if any) to be refunded to the withdrawing member.

The City also carries commercial insurance purchased from other insurers for coverage associated with workers' compensation and public officials' bond in the amount of \$6,200 and \$385, respectively. The City assumes liability for any deductibles and claims in excess of coverage limitations. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

(10) Urban Renewal Tax Increment Financing Agreements

Field Crest Development Agreement - Phase One

On December 10, 2003, the City entered into a development agreement with McKee Contracting with respect to the development of the Field Crest Phase One housing subdivision, including the construction of public infrastructure and new housing units within the Urban Renewal Area. The original developer started but did not complete the performance obligations under the original agreement and the original agreement was rendered null and void.

On November 23, 2010, the City entered into a development agreement with Shiloh Properties, LLC which had acquired the property and the rights to undertake its development from McKee Contracting. Shiloh Properties requested, and the City agreed to provide, tax increment financing assistance to the developer to assist in paying the cost of the project improvements such as street repairs and storm sewer/drainage infrastructure. The developer also agreed to market the lots comprising the property and to continue promoting the construction of homes thereon.

Per terms of the agreement, the developer was required to certify to the City by November 1 of each year the estimated amount of incremental property taxes which would be paid with respect to the taxable incremental property valuation for the property in the fiscal year immediately following such certification. The City agreed to make 12 semi-annual economic development tax increment payments to the developer over six years or until such earlier time as total payments equal to \$210,000 have been made. Each payment was subject to annual appropriation by the City Council and required a 35.1% Low and Moderate Income Set Aside deducted from the payment amount.

Per terms of the agreement, the Low and Moderate Set Aside amount shall be retained by the City for use in any lawful purpose of the City, including the provision of assistance to low and moderate income families, pursuant to Section 403.22 of the Code of Iowa. The developer may apply to the City for all or a portion of the funds set aside assistance to low and moderate income families, provided the developer can document to the satisfaction of the City that housing units which are located on the property are occupied by families which meet the required income limits of state law. The City reserves the right to allocate funds accumulated through the Low and Moderate Set Aside Amount in any lawful manner of its choosing.

(10) Urban Renewal Tax Increment Financing Agreements (Continued)

Field Crest Development Agreement - Phase Three

On April 8, 2014, the City entered into a development agreement with Shiloh Properties, LLC for the construction of single-family housing units and public infrastructure such as street improvements, landscaping and grading, and other infrastructure improvements within the Urban Renewal Area. The developer requested, and the City agreed to provide, tax increment financing assistance to the developer to assist in paying the cost of the infrastructure project.

Per terms of the agreement, the developer was required to certify to the City by November 1 of each year the estimated amount of incremental property taxes which would be paid with respect to the taxable incremental property valuation for the property in the fiscal year immediately following such certification. The City agreed to make 28 semi-annual economic development tax increment payments over fourteen years to the developer with total payments not to exceed the lesser of \$440,000 or the demonstrated infrastructure costs. All payments are subject to annual appropriation by City Council and required a 15% Low and Moderate Income Set Aside Amount. The Iowa Economic Development Authority approved the 15% Set Aside Percentage, reduced from 31.5%, for such projects in Pottawattamie County.

Per terms of the agreement, the Low and Moderate Set Aside amount shall be retained by the City for use in any lawful purpose of the City, including the provision of assistance to low and moderate income families, pursuant to Section 403.22 of the Code of Iowa. The developer may apply to the City for all or a portion of the funds set aside assistance to low and moderate income families, provided the developer can document to the satisfaction of the City that housing units which are located on the property are occupied by families which meet the required income limits of state law. The City reserves the right to allocate funds accumulated through the Low and Moderate Set Aside Amount in any lawful manner of its choosing.

Field Crest Development Agreement - Phase Two

On August 22, 2017, the City entered into a development agreement with Shiloh Properties, LLC to develop a residential subdivision including the construction of public infrastructure improvements within the Urban Renewal Area. The developer requested, and the City agreed to provide, tax increment financing assistance to the developer to assist in paying the cost of the infrastructure project.

(10) Urban Renewal Tax Increment Financing Agreements (Continued)

Field Crest Development Agreement - Phase Two (Continued)

Per terms of the agreement, the developer is required to certify to the City by November 1 of each year the estimated amount of incremental property taxes which would be paid with respect to the taxable incremental property valuation for the property in the fiscal year immediately following such certification. The City agreed to make 30 semi-annual economic development tax increment payments over fifteen years to the developer with total payments not to exceed the lesser of \$902,000 or the demonstrated infrastructure costs. All payments are subject to annual appropriation by City Council and required a 15% Low and Moderate Income Set Aside Amount. The Iowa Economic Development Authority approved the 15% Set Aside Percentage, reduced from 31.5%, for such projects in Pottawattamie County.

Per terms of the agreement, the Low and Moderate Set Aside amount shall be retained by the City for use in any lawful purpose of the City, including the provision of assistance to low and moderate income families, pursuant to Section 403.22 of the Code of Iowa. The developer may apply to the City for all or a portion of the funds set aside assistance to low and moderate income families, provided the developer can document to the satisfaction of the City that housing units which are located on the property are occupied by families which meet the required income limits of state law. The City reserves the right to allocate funds accumulated through the Low and Moderate Set Aside Amount in any lawful manner of its choosing.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the City received \$42,155 and rebated \$18,156 of incremental taxes to Shiloh Properties LLC.

Tax Incremental Finance Agreement with Jack Links, Inc.

In December 2016, the City requested an annual appropriation from Pottawattamie County to collect the maximum allowable incremental taxes for the Jack Links TIF District. For the year ended June 30, 2020, the City received \$65,676, and rebated to Jack Links, Inc. \$125,385 per terms of the agreement.

(11) Commitments

The City renewed an agreement for law enforcement services with Pottawattamie County. The fee for the year ended June 30, 2020 was \$16,534.

The City has an agreement with M & K Mills Tree Service, Inc. for solid waste collection at a cost of \$11.50, \$6.00 for an extra container, and \$95.00 for container replacement.

(12) Tax Abatements

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 77 defines tax abatements as a reduction in tax revenues that results from an agreement between one or more governments and an individual or entity in which (a) one or more governments promise to forgo tax receipts to which they are otherwise entitled and (b) the individual or entity promises to take a specific action after the agreement has been entered into that contributes to economic development or otherwise benefits the governments or the citizens of those governments.

City Tax Abatements

The City provides tax abatements for urban renewal and economic development projects with tax increment financing as provided for in Chapters 15A and 403 of the Code of Iowa. For these types of projects, the City enters into agreements with developers which require the City, after developers meet the terms of the agreements, to rebate a portion of the property tax paid by the developers, to pay the developers an economic development grant or pay the developers a predetermined dollar amount. No other commitments were made by the City as part of these agreements.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, \$31,305 of property tax was diverted from the City under urban renewal and economic development agreements.

(13) Subsequent Events

In July of 2020, the City issued \$727,000 of Sewer Revenue Bonds to finance the planning, designing, and construction of improvements and extensions for the sewer system utility. The bonds bear interest at 1.75% and mature in June of 2040.

In July of 2020, the City issued \$340,000 of general obligation corporate purpose bonds to finance public projects including flood mitigation control, storm water drainage, sidewalk, sewer and waterworks system improvements. The bonds bear interest from .90% to 1.60% and mature June 1, 2030.

OTHER INFORMATION

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN BALANCES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CASH BASIS) - ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AND PROPRIETARY FUNDS

OTHER INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	-	Governmental Funds Actual	Proprietary Funds Actual
Receipts:			_
Property tax	\$	472,759	\$ -0-
Tax increment financing		107,831	-0-
Other city tax		145,617	-0-
Licenses and permits		21,515	-0-
Use of money and property		6,889	23
Intergovernmental		268,547	-0-
Charges for services		27,849	230,748
Special assessments		-0-	-0-
Miscellaneous		9,633	-0-
Total receipts		1,060,640	230,771
Disbursements:			
Public safety		89,781	-0-
Public works		183,632	-0-
Health and social services		-0-	-0-
Culture and recreation		51,114	-0-
Community and economic development		170,964	-0-
General government		162,093	-0-
Debt service		208,213	-0-
Capital projects		629,384	-0-
Business type		-0-	271,826
Total disbursements		1,495,181	271,826
Excess (deficiency) of receipts			
over (under) disbursements		(434,541)	(41,055)
Other financing sources, net		599,856	34,840
Excess (deficiency) of receipts and other financing sources		165,315	(6,215)
Balance beginning of year	,	2,103,794	501,646
Balance end of year	\$	2,269,109	\$ 495,431

See Accompanying Independent Auditor's Report.

			Budgeted	I A 222	ounts		Variance Favorable
	Total	-	Original	1 A11	Final		
\$	472,759	\$	460,513	\$	460,513	\$	12,246
Ф	107,831	Ψ	92,274	Ψ	107,831	4	-0-
	145,617		89,733		112,294		33,323
	21,515		-0-		24,845		(3,330)
	6,912		-0-		6,727		185
	268,547		374,563		624,563		(356,016)
	258,597		267,730		303,050		(44,453)
	-0-		-0-		31,789		(31,789)
	9,633		-0-		11,880	_	(2,247)
	1,291,411	•	1,284,813		1,683,492		(392,081)
	00 701		507.705		506,695		416,914
	89,781		506,695		318,051		134,419
	183,632 -0-		257,276 -0-		-0-		-0
	51,114		89,817		89,817		38,70
	170,964		59,067		193,067		22,103
	162,093		229,144		229,144		67,05
	208,213		165,233		165,233		(42,980
	629,384		-0-		916,723		287,33
	271,826		258,095		302,830		31,00
	1,767,007		1,565,327		2,721,560		954,55
	(475,596)		(280,514)		(1,038,068)		562,47
•===	634,696		-0-	-	712,691		(77,995
	159,100		(280,514)		(325,377)		484,47
	2,605,440		2,605,440	-	2,605,440		-(
\$	2,764,540	\$	2,324,926	\$	2,280,063	\$	484,47

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NOTES TO OTHER INFORMATION -BUDGETARY REPORTING

JUNE 30, 2020

The budgetary comparison is presented in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 41 for governments with significant budgetary perspective differences resulting from not being able to present budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund.

In accordance with the Code of Iowa, the City Council annually adopts a budget on the cash basis following required public notice and hearing for all funds except Internal Service Funds. The annual budget may be amended during the year utilizing similar statutorily prescribed procedures.

Formal and legal budgetary control is based upon nine major classes of disbursements known as functions, not by fund. These nine functions are: public safety, public works, health and social services, culture and recreation, community and economic development, general government, debt service, capital projects, and business type activities. Function disbursements required to be budgeted include disbursements for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Fund, Capital Projects Funds and Proprietary Funds. Although the budget document presents function disbursements by fund, the legal level of control is at the aggregated function level, not by fund. During the year, one budget amendment increased budgeted disbursements by \$1,156,233. The budget amendments are reflected in the final budgeted amounts.

During the year ended June 30, 2020, disbursements exceeded amounts budgeted in the debt service function.

CITY OF UNDERWOOD SCHEDULE OF CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

IOWA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE LAST FIVE YEARS

OTHER INFORMATION

	_	2020		2019		2018		2017	_	2016
City's proportion of the net pension liability		.002142%		.001807%		.001822%		.001815%		.001788%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	124,847	\$	114,295	\$	120,284	\$	113,205	\$	88,912
City's covered-employee payroll	\$	157,208	\$	164,061	\$	115,360	\$	137,512	\$	129,099
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		79.42%		69.66%		104.26%		82.32%		68.87%
IPERS' net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		85.45%		83.62%		82.21%		81.82%		85.19%

 In accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, the amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30 of the preceding year.

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

CITY OF UNDERWOOD SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS

IOWA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

OTHER INFORMATION

	2020	2019	2018	2017
Statutorily required contribution	\$ 14,840	\$ 15,487	\$ 10,302	\$ 12,280
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	\$ (14,840)	\$ (15,487)	\$ (10,302)	\$ (12,280)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ -0-
City's covered-employee payroll	\$ 157,208	\$ 164,060	\$ 115,360	\$ 137,512
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	9.44%	9.43%	8.93%	8.93%

-	2016	 2015	2014	2013	2012	-	2011
\$	11,529	\$ 10,998	\$ 11,806	\$ 11,464	\$ 8,895	\$	6,649
\$.	11,541	\$ (10,975)	\$ (11,806)	\$ (11,464)	\$ (8,895)	\$	(6,649)
\$	(12)	\$ 23	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$	-0-
\$	129,099	\$ 123,159	\$ 132,201	\$ 132,223	\$ 110,223	\$	95,669
	8.93%	8.93%	8.93%	8.67%	8.07%		6.95%

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

CITY OF UNDERWOOD NOTES TO OTHER INFORMATION - PENSION LIABILITY YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Changes of benefit terms:

There are no significant changes in benefit terms.

Changes of assumptions:

The 2018 valuation implemented the following refinements as a result of a demographic assumption study dated June 28, 2018:

- Changed mortality assumptions to the RP-2014 mortality tables with mortality improvements modeled using Scale MP-2017.
- Adjusted retirement rates.
- Lowered disability rates.
- Adjusted the probability of a vested Regular member electing to receive a deferred benefit
- Adjusted the merit component of the salary increase assumption.

The 2017 valuation implemented the following refinements as a result of an experience study dated March 24, 2017:

- Decreased the inflation assumption from 3.00% to 2.60%.
- Decreased the assumed rate of interest on member accounts from 3.75% to 3.50% per year.
- Decreased the discount rate from 7.50% to 7.00%.
- Decreased the wage growth assumption from 4.00% to 3.25%.
- Decreased the payroll growth assumption from 4.00% to 3.25%

The 2014 valuation implemented the following refinements as a result of a quadrennial experience study:

- Decreased the inflation assumption from 3.25% to 3.00%.
- Decreased the assumed rate of interest on member accounts from 4.00% to 3.75% per year.
- Adjusted male mortality rates for retirees in the Regular membership group.
- Moved from an open 30-year amortization period to a closed 30-year amortization period for the UAL (unfunded actuarial liability) beginning June 30, 2014. Each year thereafter, changes in the UAL from plan experience will be amortized on a separate closed 20-year period.

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SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN CASH BALANCES -NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	-	Special Revenue		Capital		Capital				
	_	Employee Benefits		FEMA		Projects Streets	_	Projects Mosquito Creek	_	Total
Receipts:						^	Φ	0	φ	72.764
Property tax	\$	72,764	\$	-0-	\$	-0-	\$	-0-	\$	72,764 44,874
Federal Flood Assistance Total receipts	-	-0- 72,764	_	44,874 44,874	_	-0- -0-	-	-0- -0-	-	117,638
Disbursements:										
Public safety		466		20,821		-0-		-0-		21,287
Public works		8,623		-0-		-0-		-0-		8,623
Culture and recreation		7,822		-0-		-0-		-0-		7,822
Community and economic development		8		-0-		-0-		-0-		8
General government		7,357		-0-		-0-		-0-		7,357
Capital projects	_	-0-	_	-0-	_	530,228		99,156		629,384
Total disbursements		24,276	_	20,821	-	530,228		99,156	-	674,481
Excess (deficiency) of receipts over								(00.150)		(##6.040)
(under) disbursements		48,488		24,053		(530,228)		(99,156)		(556,843)
Other financing sources (uses):						#10 CO1		100.000		(24 (22
Bond proceeds		-0-		-0-		512,691		122,008		634,699
Operating transfers out		-0-		-0-		-0-	-	(70,612)		(70,612)
Net financing sources (uses)		-0-		-0~	-	512,691	-	51,396		564,087
Net change in cash balances		48,488		24,053		(17,537)		(47,760)		7,244
Cash balances beginning of year		88,942		(18,016)	-	5,150		-0-		76,076
Cash balances end year	\$	137,430	\$	6,037	\$	(12,387)	\$	(47,760)	\$	83,320
Cash Basis Fund Balances										
Restricted for other purposes	\$	137,430	\$	-0-	\$	(12,387)	\$	(47,760)	\$	77,283
Unassigned		-0-		6,037		-0-		-0-		6,037
Total cash basis fund balances	\$	137,430	\$	6,037	\$	(12,387)	- - -	(47,760)	\$	83,320

See Accompanying Independent Auditor's Report.

SCHEDULE OF INDEBTEDNESS

JUNE 30, 2020

Obligation	Date of <u>Issue</u>	Interest <u>Rates</u>		Amount Originally <u>Issued</u>
General obligation notes:				
Clarke Circle Improvement Note Municipal Line of Credit Corporate Purpose Bonds, Series 2015 Corporate Purpose Loan Agreement	July 9, 2013 November 20, 2013 March 31, 2015 June 17, 2019	2.82 % 3.50 % 2.00 - 2.75% 2.00 - 3.00%	\$ \$ \$	190,000 200,000 610,000 515,000
Revenue notes:				
SRF Loan	October 10, 2015	2.00%	\$	313,000

See Accompanying Independent Auditor's Report.

SCHEDULE 2

Balance Beginning of Year	-	Issued During Year	-	Redeemed During Year	-	Balance End of Year	Interest Paid	Interest Due and Unpaid
\$ 90,695 -0- 405,000 5,150	\$	-0- 122,006 -0- 509,850	\$	21,577 70,448 55,000 35,000	\$	69,117 51,558 350,000 480,000	\$ 2,473 162 10,106 12,164	\$ 162 193 767 1,048
\$ 500,845	\$	631,856	\$	182,025	\$	950,675	\$ 24,905	\$ 2,170
\$ 194,936	\$	-0-	\$	14,000	\$	180,936	\$ 3,655	\$ 359
\$ 194.936	. \$	-0-	\$	14,000	. \$	180,936	\$ 3,655	\$ 359

BOND AND NOTE MATURITIES

JUNE 30, 2020

General Obligation Bonds and Notes

			Municipal Line of					
	Street Imp	rovements	•	edit				
Year		ly 9, 2013	Issued No	v 20, 2013				
Ending	Interest		Interest					
June 30,	Rate	_Amount_	Rate	Amount				
2021	2.82%	22,269	3.50%	51,558				
2022	2.82%	22,901	-0-	-0-				
2023	2.82%	23,947	-0-	-0-				
2024	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-				
2025	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-				
2026	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-				
2027	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-				
2028	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-				
2029	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-				
2030	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-				
2031	-0-		-0-	0				
Total		\$ 69,117		\$51,558_				

See Accompanying Independent Auditor's Report.

BOND AND NOTE MATURITIES

JUNE 30, 2020

General Obligation Bonds and Notes

	Corporat	e Purpose	Essentia	l Corporate			
	_	greement	Purpos	se Bonds			
Year	•	Issued June 17, 2019		rch 31, 2015			
Ending	Interest		Interest				
June 30,	Rate	Amount	Rate	Amount	Total		
2021	2%	35,000	2.00%	55,000	163,827		
2022	2%	40,000	2.75%	55,000	117,901		
2023	2%	40,000	2.75%	60,000	123,947		
2024	2%	40,000	2.75%	60,000	100,000		
2025	2%	40,000	2.75%	60,000	100,000		
2026	2%	45,000	2.75%	60,000	105,000		
2027	2%	45,000		-0-	45,000		
2028	2%	45,000		-0-	45,000		
2029	2%	50,000		-0-	50,000		
2030	2%	50,000		-0-	50,000		
2031	2%	50,000		-0-	50,000		
Total		\$ 480,000		\$ 350,000 \$	950,675		

BOND AND NOTE MATURITIES

JUNE 30, 2020

Sewer Revenue Notes

	SR	F Lo	an		
Year	Issued M	Iay 1	2, 2015		
Ending	Interest				
June 30,	Rate		Amount		Total
2021	2.00%		10,936		10,936
2022	2.00%		11,000		11,000
2023	2.00%		11,000		11,000
2024	2.00%		11,000		11,000
2025	2.00%		11,000		11,000
2026	2.00%		12,000		12,000
2027	2.00%		12,000		12,000
2028	2.00%		12,000		12,000
2029	2.00%		12,000		12,000
2030	2.00%		12,000		12,000
2031	2.00%		13,000		13,000
2032	2.00%		13,000		13,000
2033	2.00%		13,000		13,000
2034	2.00%		13,000		13,000
2035	2.00%		14,000		14,000
				_	
				_	
Total		\$	180,936	\$ _	180,936

SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS BY SOURCE AND DISBURSEMENTS BY FUNCTION - ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE LAST TEN YEARS

	_	2020	_	2019		2018		2017		2016
Receipts:										
Property taxes	\$	472,759	\$	453,829	\$	429,125		429,580	\$	397,379
Tax increment financing	•	107,831	*	94,470	,	134,076		102,095	·	176,237
Other city taxes		145,617		133,419		116,014		107,384		134,138
License and permits		21,515		16,643		20,014		13,978		11,994
Use of money and property		6,889		10,066		7,711		605		498
Intergovernmental		268,547		214,902		218,595		213,109		219,049
Charges for service		27,849		30,314		30,443		30,579		31,096
Special assessments		-0-		-0-		-0-		-0-		-0-
Miscellaneous	-	9,633	_	31,437		21,543		16,558	_	10,153
Total	\$	1,060,640	\$_	985,080	\$_	977,521	t descrip	913,888	\$_	980,544
Disbursements:										
Operating:										
Public safety	\$	89,781	\$	117,798	\$	85,007		50,691	\$	55,634
Public works	*	183,632	*	132,330	*	79,344		137,895	*	130,636
Health and social services		-0-		-0-		-0-		-0-		-0-
Culture and recreation		51,114		42,564		36,676		26,001		29,457
Comm. and economic dev		170,964		75,266		138,185		66,081		149,503
General government		162,093		144,939		175,588		171,327		132,371
Debt service		208,213		332,310		156,558		150,014		180,125
Capital projects	-	629,384		-0-		-0-		172,535		-0-
Total	\$_	1,495,181	\$_	845,207	\$_	671,358	\$	774,544	\$_	677,726

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

SCHEDULE 4

**********	2015		2014		2013	_	2012		2011
\$	398,964	\$	323,669	\$	308,902	\$	313,228	\$	304,106
•	125,081		42,913		138,374		132,638		138,597
	140,485		108,381		95,905		104,829		83,453
	11,878		9,923		11,605		4,292		7,420
	501		324		1,002		778		1,459
	192,023		186,090		200,434		210,675		176,971
	44,131		33,198		25,223		21,858		29,557
	-0-		-0-		-0-		631		-0-
	10,282		12,288	_	30,462	_	10,270		4,604
\$	923,345	\$	716,786	\$_	811,907	\$_	799,199	\$_	746,167
\$	552,605	\$	63,899	\$	66,461	\$	85,024	\$	159,372
Ф	190,581	φ	99,147	Ψ	145,866	Ψ	169,873	Ψ	137,970
	-0-		-0-		-0-		-0-		-0-
	30,051		32,767		24,346		24,391		22,980
	124,644		70,619		309,896		155,806		128,010
	157,927		139,188		156,684		147,998		144,403
	114,678		91,903		118,839		124,397		137,599
	-0-	_	163,939		-0-		-0-		82,859
\$	1.170.486	\$	661.462	\$	822,092	\$	707,489	\$	813,193

		•	

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT
ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING
AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS
BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED
IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council:

I have audited in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Underwood, Iowa as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020 and the related Notes to Financial Statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued my report thereon dated February 9, 2021. My report expressed unmodified opinions on the financial statements which were prepared on the basis of cash receipts and disbursements, a basis of accounting other than U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements, I considered the City of Underwood's internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing my opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Underwood's internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Underwood's internal control.

My consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. However, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings & Responses, I identified deficiencies in internal control that I consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

Continued . . .

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Licensed in: Iowa Kansas February 9, 2021 Page Two

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility a material misstatement of the City of Underwood's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. I consider the deficiencies described in Part I of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses as items I-A-20, I-B-20, and I-C-20 to be material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Underwood's financial statements are free of material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit and, accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of non-compliance or other matters which are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*. However, I noted certain immaterial instances of non-compliance or other matters which are described in Part II of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses.

Comments involving statutory and other legal matters about the City's operations for the year ended June 30, 2020 are based exclusively on knowledge obtained from procedures performed during my audit of the financial statements of the City. Since my audit was based on tests and samples, not all transactions that might have had an impact on the comments were necessarily audited. The comments involving statutory and other legal matters are not intended to constitute legal interpretations of those statutes.

Continued . . .

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City of Underwood's Responses to Findings

The City of Underwood's responses to the findings identified in my audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses. The City of Underwood's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, I express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

I would like to acknowledge the many courtesies and assistance extended to me by personnel of the City of Underwood during the course of my audit. Should you have any questions concerning any of the above matters, I shall be pleased to discuss them with you at your convenience.

proucherman & associate, P.C.

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Part I: Findings Related to the Financial Statements:

INTERNAL CONTROL DEFICIENCIES

I-A-20 Segregation of Duties

Criteria - Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control. A good system of internal control provides for adequate segregation of duties so no one individual handles a transaction from its inception to completion. In order to maintain proper internal control, duties should be segregated so the authorization, custody and recording of transactions are not under the control of the same employee. This segregation of duties helps prevent losses from employee error or dishonesty and maximizes the accuracy of the City's financial statements.

<u>Condition</u> - A limited number of people have the primary responsibility for most of the accounting and financial reporting duties.

<u>Cause</u> - The City has a limited number of employees which does not allow procedures to be established to adequately segregate duties or provide compensating controls through additional oversight of transactions and processes The City Treasurer provides compensating controls through additional oversight of transactions and processes by reviewing bank deposits, statements and postings on a monthly basis.

<u>Effect</u> - Inadequate segregation of duties could adversely affect the City's ability to detect, correct, and prevent misstatements, errors or misappropriation on a timely basis by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions.

<u>Recommendation</u> - I realize that with one full time city clerk and a part time deputy clerk, a proper segregation of duties is challenging. We continue to recommend the City Council should monitor control procedures to obtain the maximum internal control possible under the circumstances.

<u>Response</u> - We will continue to rely on our City Treasurer's monthly supervision of account and transaction activity.

Conclusion - Response accepted.

Part I: Findings Related to the Financial Statements:

INTERNAL CONTROL DEFICIENCIES (Continued)

I-B-20 Financial Reporting – Local Option Tax transfers

<u>Criteria</u> - A deficiency in internal control over financial reporting exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements of the financial statements on a timely basis. Properly designed policies and procedures and implementation of the policies and procedures are an integral part of ensuring the reliability and accuracy of the City's financial statements.

<u>Condition</u> - The local option tax was not transferred to the sewer and road use funds as required by the voter ballot.

<u>Cause</u> - Policies have not been established and procedures have not been implemented to ensure that the local option tax transfers get recorded in the City's accounting records.

<u>Effect</u> - Lack of policies and procedures resulted in City employees not detecting the error in the normal course of performing their assigned functions and material adjustments to the City's financial statements were necessary.

<u>Recommendation</u> - City employees may consider revising procedures for recording transfers to ensure that material omissions are detected, corrected, and prevented.

Response - We will revise procedures as recommended.

Conclusion - Response accepted.

Part I: Findings Related to the Financial Statements:

INTERNAL CONTROL DEFICIENCIES (Continued)

I-C-20 Financial Reporting – Debt Service transfers

<u>Criteria</u> - A deficiency in internal control over financial reporting exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements of the financial reports on a timely basis. Properly designed policies and procedures and implementation of the policies and procedures are an integral part of ensuring the reliability and accuracy of the City's financial statements.

Condition - The debt service fund had a material deficit balance.

<u>Cause</u> - Cash, tax receipts, and transfers from other funds were insufficient to maintain the debt service fund balance in a healthy financial position.

<u>Effect</u> - The lack of the relationship between debt service payments and the required transfers to fund those debt service payments resulted in a material deficit balance in the debt service fund. Adjustments were made to transfers to correctly report amounts in the City's financial statements.

<u>Recommendation</u> - When recording the debt service payment, identify which department or fund provides the money for this payment. For example, when paying on a firetruck, the fire department should provide the funds equal to the payment. When paying on street improvements, road use funds provide the funds equal to the payment. These are then recorded as transfers into the debt service fund. City officials are approving the required transfers, the amounts just need recorded in the City' accounting records.

<u>Response</u> - Procedures will be revised to properly report transfers and maintain the debt service fund in a healthy financial position.

Conclusion - Response accepted.

INSTANCES OF NON-COMPLIANCE:

No matters were noted

Part II: Other Findings Related to Required Statutory Reporting:

II-A-20 <u>Certified Budget</u> - Disbursements during the year ended June 30, 2020 exceeded the amounts budgeted in the debt service function. Chapter 384.20 of the Code of Iowa states, in part, *Public monies may not be expended or encumbered except under an annual or continuing appropriation.*

<u>Recommendation</u> - The budget should have been amended in accordance with Chapter 384.18 of the Code of Iowa before disbursements were allowed to exceed the budget.

Response - The budget will be amended in the future, if applicable.

Conclusion - Response accepted.

- II-B-20 <u>Questionable Disbursements</u> I noted no disbursements for parties, banquets, or other entertainment for employees that I believe may constitute an unlawful expenditure from public funds as defined in an Attorney General's opinion dated April 25, 1979.
- II-C-20 <u>Travel Expense</u> No disbursements of City money for travel expenses for spouses of City officials or employees were noted.
- II-D-20 <u>Business Transactions</u> No business transactions between the City and City officials and/or employees were noted.
- II-E-20 <u>Restricted Donor Activity</u> No transactions were noted between the City, City officials, City employees and restricted donors in compliance with Chapter 68B of the Code of Iowa.
- II-F-20 <u>Bond Coverage</u> Surety bond coverage of City officials and employees is in accordance with statutory provisions. The amount of coverage should be reviewed annually to ensure coverage is adequate for current operations.
- II-G-20 <u>Deposits and Investments</u> I noted no instance of noncompliance with the deposit and investment provisions of Chapter 12B and 12C of the Code of Iowa and the City's investment policy.
- II-H-20 Tax Increment Financing Chapter 403.19 of the Code of Iowa provides that a municipality may certify loans, advances, indebtedness and bonds (indebtedness) to the County Auditor which qualify for reimbursement from incremental property tax. The County Auditor provides for the division of property tax to repay the certified indebtedness and provides available incremental property tax in subsequent fiscal years without further certification by the City until the amount of certified indebtedness is paid. Urban Renewal Area TIF Indebtedness was certified to the County Auditor before December 1, and no exceptions were noted.

Part II: Other Findings Related to Required Statutory Reporting (Continued):

II-I-20 <u>Council Minutes</u> - No transactions were found that I believe should have been approved in the Council minutes but were not.

A monthly summary of receipts and disbursements by fund was published in November 2019 for the months of July, September, and October 2019, but after the 15 day requirement as required by Chapter 372.13(6). Council minutes and claims were all published timely.

<u>Recommendation</u> - Clerks often include the summary of receipts and disbursements by fund with the claims list thereby ensuring its publication.

<u>Response</u> - We will revise our current practices and include the summary of receipts and disbursements by fund with the claims list.

Conclusion - Response accepted.

II-J-20 <u>Annual Urban Renewal Report</u> - The annual urban renewal report was approved by City Council and certified to the Iowa Department of Management on or before December 1. The report was filed on November 27, 2019.

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